

Kids who learn about the risks of alcohol from their parents are up to 50% less likely to use than those who do not.

The Partnership at Drugfree.org

KNOW THE FACTS

- Human brain development continues into one's early-20s. Exposure of the developing brain to alcohol increases the likelihood of alcohol addiction and can have long-lasting effects on intellectual capabilities. www.dontserve teens.gov/dangers
- Consequences of underage drinking include: injury and death from accidents; unintended, unwanted and unprotected sexual activity; academic problems; impaired social development; drug use; and health issues such as depression and anxiety. www.samhsa.gov/underagedrinking
- For each year that the start of drinking is delayed, the risk of later alcohol dependence is reduced by 14 percent. www.dontserve teens.gov/dangers
- Underage drinking is illegal. Parents who host or have knowledge of minors consuming alcoholic beverages in their residence are liable under the social host law. youth.westchestergov.com

Only 60% of Pelham teens talked with their parents about the risks of tobacco, alcohol and drug abuse during the last 12 months. *Source: 2011 PNA Survey of Pelham 8th, 10th and 12th graders.*

LET'S MAKE IT 100%

TALK ABOUT IT