

**Mandated Trainings for School Safety in NYS Public Schools
2016-2017**

Type of Training	Description of Training	Required for
<p>Non-Violent Crisis Intervention Training</p>	<p>-Staff who may be called upon to implement <i>emergency interventions</i> will be provided with appropriate training in safe and effective restraint procedures [8 NYCRR § 100.2 (l)(1)(g)]. -<i>Emergency</i> means a situation in which immediate intervention involves the use of reasonable physical force pursuant to 8 NYCRR § 19.5 (a)(3). -8 NYCRR § 19.5 (a)(3) states that in situations where alternative procedures and methods not involving the use of physical force cannot reasonably be employed, the use of reasonable physical force <i>is not prohibited</i> for the following purposes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • to protect oneself from physical injury • to protect another pupil or teacher or any person from physical injury • to protect the property of the school, school district or others • to restrain or remove a pupil whose behavior is interfering with the orderly exercise and performance of school or school district functions 	<p>all staff who may be called upon to implement emergency interventions [8 NYCRR §§ 200.15 (f)].</p>
<p>Violence Prevention Workshop</p>	<p>Completion of at least a 2-hour training course in school violence prevention and intervention in accordance with Education Law §3004 and Part 57-2.3(a), which includes, but is not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • “warning signs” in a developmental and social context relating to violence and other troubling behavior of children • statutes, regulations, and policies relating to safe nonviolent school climate. This should minimally include the 2000 SAVE Legislation and 2010 Dignity for All Students Act • effective classroom management techniques and other academic support a nonviolent school climate • integration of social and problem-solving skill development for students within the regular curriculum • intervention techniques designed to address school violence situations • effective school/community referral processes for students exhibiting violent behavior <p>Upon request of the employee who successfully completes such training course, the school district or board of cooperative educational services shall provide the employee with a certificate of completion attesting to the completion of the two hours of training in school violence prevention and intervention.</p>	<p>all employees holding a teaching certificate/license in classroom teaching service, school service, or administrative & supervisory service.</p>
<p>District/School Safety Plans</p>	<p>Districts must submit certification to NYSED that all district and school staff have undergone annual training on their emergency response plans, including components on violence prevention and mental health, by September 15th of each year or within 30 days of new employee hiring, whichever is sooner.</p> <p>District-wide safety plans include a comprehensive, multi-hazard safety plan that covers all school buildings. This plan addresses Crisis Intervention, emergency response and management at the district level, must include appropriate prevention and intervention strategies, such as training of all personnel acting in a school security capacity. Each district shall file a copy of its district-wide safety plan and all amendments with the Commissioner 30 days after adoption, but no later than September 1st of each year.</p>	<p>all personnel acting in a school security capacity, including building level administrators; all staff and students.</p> <p>ICS Training is recommended for all school administrators.</p>

	<p>Building-level emergency response plans, including multi-hazard school safety training, policies, and procedures for staff and students, must be submitted to New York State police and local law enforcement within 30 days of adoption, but no later than October 15th of each year.</p> <p>Building-level emergency plans must delineate the school's chain of command during an emergency response in a manner consistent with the Incident Command System (ICS). <i>It is recommended</i> that school districts provide training in ICS, which establishes protocols with emergency responders to ensure everyone understands their respective roles and responsibilities during an emergency, disaster, or serious violent incident. ICS training for school officials is available through the NYS Emergency Management Office. It is recommended that school officials complete ICS training developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.</p> <p>Each school district and board of cooperative educational services shall, at least once every school year and where possible in cooperation with local county emergency preparedness plan officiate, conduct one test of its emergency plan or its emergency response procedures in accordance with each of its building-level school safety plans, including sheltering or early dismissal, at a time not to occur more than 15 minutes earlier than the normal dismissal time.</p>	
Automated External Defibrillator	Whenever an instructional school facility is used for a school-sponsored or school-approved curricular or extracurricular event or activity, including events such as athletic contests or competitive events, the public school officials/administrators must ensure the presence of at least one (1) staff person who is trained, pursuant to Public Health Law § 3000-b (3) (a), in the operation and use of an automated external defibrillator.	at least one (1) staff member trained in use of AED.
Right to Know	<p>New York State public school districts must comply with both the New York State Right-to-Know Law and the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration's Hazard Communication Standard. NYS schools must provide training about your legal rights, and about any hazardous chemicals you might use.</p> <p>Topics covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Your Rights to Information • Your Rights to Training • Employer Responsibilities • Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) • Labeling 	NYS school employees
Blood Borne Pathogens	<p>Bloodborne pathogens are infectious microorganisms present in blood that can cause disease in humans. These pathogens include, but are not limited to, hepatitis B virus (HBV), hepatitis C virus (HCV), and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), the virus that causes AIDS. The training program covers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • an accessible copy of the regulatory text of this standard and an explanation of its contents • the epidemiology and symptoms of blood borne diseases • the modes of transmission of blood borne pathogens • the employer's exposure control plan and where employees can obtain a copy of the written plan • the appropriate methods for recognizing tasks and other activities that may involve 	Those employees who are determined to have occupational exposure to blood or other potentially infectious materials (OPIM) must comply with the procedures and work practices outlined in this training...

	<p>exposure to blood and other potentially infectious materials</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• the use and limitations of methods that will prevent or reduce exposure including appropriate engineering controls, work practices, and personal protective equipment• information on the types, proper use, location, removal, handling, decontamination and disposal of personal protective equipment• the basis for selection of personal protective equipment• Information on the hepatitis B vaccine, Including Information on Its efficacy,	
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